Union Territories) during the earlier three financial years is as under. For 1986-87 the figures of Revised Estimates are given as final figures are yet to be received.

(In crores of Rupees)

Financial Year	Total Tax collected by Central Govt. (excluding tax collected by Union Territories)	Income-tax Receipts (excluding Corporation Tax)	Percentage of Col. (3) to (2)	Income-tax Receipts (including Corporation Tax)	%age of Col. (5) to (2)
1984-85	23018	1928	8·38	4484	19·48
1985-86	28139	2509	8·92	5374	19.10
1986-87	32122 (Revised Estimates)	2764 (Revised Estimates)	8·60	6094 (Revised Estimates)	18·97

(b) It can be seen from the reply given to part (a) of the question that while the income tax receipts have gone up amount-wise, there is a slight fall in terms of percentages. The reason for the fall can be attributed to the increase of some of the other taxes at a rate higher than that of income-tax.

Disparities in Doordarshan coverage

703. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of the five states that have the lowest coverage of Television (TV) in the country, population and area-wise;

(b) whether Government propose to take certain special initiatives to remove this imbalance, and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof and by when these disparities will be removed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF INFORMATION AND BROADCASTING (SHRI AJIT KUMAR PANIA): (a) The five States/Union Territories which have the lowest TV coverage, area-wise and population-wise, are given below:—

Sl. No.	State/Union Territory	
	Area-wise	Population-wise
1	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	Dadra & Nagar Haveli
2	Arunachal Pradesh	Arunachal Pradesh
3	Mizoram	Andaman & Nicobar Islands
4	Nagaland	Manipur
5	Meghalaya	Nagaland

This does not include information about the area coverage of Lakshadweep Islands which is yet to be estimated.

(b) and (c) The Seventh Plan of Doordarshan includes a number of schemes for setting up transmitters of varying power in these States/Union Territories which on implementation will significantly strengthen TV service in these areas, both in terms of area and population. Implementation of these schemes would depend upon annual allocation of Plan resources and supply position of equipment.

Annual cost of External debt servicing

704. SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA:
CHOWDHARY RAM SEWAK:

Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) what is the present total external debt and what is the annual cost of service of this debt;

(b) what is the total quantum of external grant, as on date; and

(c) what is the quantum and percentage of sources of aid, mainly of IBRD, IDA, USSR, USA, UK, Japan, Germany (W), East European Socialist countries, France, and Canada?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE (SHRI BRAHM DUTT): (a) The total external debt outstanding on Government Account as on 31-3-87 is estimated to be Rs. 28573 crores. The cost of servicing the external debt in terms of payment of interest during 1986-87 is estimated to be Rs. 670 crores.

(b) The quantum of external grant assistance received upto 31-3-87 is estimated to be about Rs. 4898 crores.

(c) The quantum of aid (loans and grants) received upto 31-3-86 source-wise and its percentage to the total aid is indicated below:

	Source	Amount Rs. Crores	Percentage to total aid
1	Canada	1205.61	3.78
2	France	900.73	2.82
3	F.R.G.	2108.77	6.61
4	Japan	1560.10	4.89
5	U.K.	3065.90	9.60
6	U.S.A.	5769.43	18.07
7	I.B.R.D.	2262.90	7.09
8	I.D.A.	8752.70	27.42
9	Cyechoslovakia	98.00	0.31
10	Hungary	12.28	0.04
11	Poland	30.01	0.09
12	U.S.S.R.	1134.10	3.55